# Senate Committee on Education Hearing 

Austin
June 23, 2008
Bilingual/ESL Education

## Texas ELL Population

- 775,645 ELLs in EE-12, over 600,000 in K-12
- Over 120 languages represented in Texas schools
- 92\% Spanish speakers 711,388
- Prominent languages other than Spanish:
- 14,094 Vietnamese
- 3,627 Urdu
- 3,594 Arabic

PEIMS Fall 2007

- 3,195 Korean


## Limited English Proficient

- Texas Education Code (TEC)§29.052 defines...
- "Student of limited English proficiency (LEP) - a student whose primary language is other than English and whose English language skills are such that the student has difficulty, performing ordinary class work in English."
- The term English Language Learner (ELL) is used interchangeably with LEP.


## Growth of English Language Learner Students in Texas 2000-2008


$\square$ Number of LEP Students

## Percentage of English Language Learners within the General Student Population



## Bilingual Education

## When is a Bilingual Program required?

- Each school district which has an enrollment of $\underline{20}$ or more limited English proficient students (LEP) of the same language classification in the same grade level district-wide shall offer a bilingual education program for LEP students in Pre-K to grade 5
- Grade 6 shall be included when clustered with the elementary grades TAC[§89.1205 (a)]


## English as a Second Language (ESL)

## When is an English as a Second Language

 (ESL) program required?All LEP students for whom a district is not required to offer a Bilingual education program shall be provided an ESL program, regardless of the students' grade levels and home Language, and regardless of the number of students.

Texas Administrative Code (TAC) [§89.1205 (d)]

## Senate Bill 1871 from the $80^{\text {th }}$ Legislature was enacted in Texas

## Education Code §29.066

The Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) will be collecting information on four program models for bilingual education and two for English as a second language.

## BILINGUAL EDUCATION AND ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (ESL)



## Bilingual Education

## Transitional bilingual/early exit

- Most common form of bilingual education
- Teacher provides instruction and support in two languages
- Native language used to build literacy skills and academic concepts - then transition to English
- Must include primary language in all academic content areas
- Program goal is early transition to English only curriculum


## Bilingual Education

## Transitional bilingual/late exit

- Enrichment Program
- Provides instruction in English and the students' native language
- Target group: English language learners
- Students may begin program at Prekindergarten
- Continue through elementary and beyond
- Promote high levels of academic achievement \& full academic language proficiency in both languages


## Bilingual Education

## Dual language immersion/two-way

- Two distinct groups of students in one instructional setting-usually $1 / 2$ English proficient speakers and $1 / 2$ LEP students with a common native language
- Language learning is integrated with content instruction
- Program grades: PK-end of elementary
- High academic achievement
- Academic competence in two languages


## Bilingual Education

## Dual language immersion/one-way

- Bilingual program where homogeneous groups of students (English language learners) are instructed in the TEKS in two languages.
- Language learning is integrated with content instruction
- Program grades: PK-end of elementary
- High academic achievement
- Academic competence in two languages


## English as a Second Language (ESL)

English as a second language/content-based:

- Teacher does not have to speak ELL's primary (home) language
- ESL Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) must be taught
- Students spend major part of the day with ESL teacher
- Second language strategies are used with every content area.


## English as a Second Language (ESL)

- English as a second language/pull-out:
- ELL stays in regular classroom
- ELL is "pulled out" for a portion of the day to receive ESL instruction
- Amount of time spent in ESL classroom based on level of proficiency in English (Beginner, Intermediate, Advanced or Advanced-High)
- Level of academic competence factor in determining amount of ESL support


## Funding

- For all of the program models students that have met exit criteria in accordance with §89.1225 may continue receiving services but the school district will not be allocated the bilingual allotment (TEC) §42.153.

Total Number of Immigrants who are English Language Learners per Grade 2007-08


# English Language Proficiency Standards 

- During the revisions of our Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) the English as a second language TEKS have been revised and are now called English Language Proficiency Standards (ELPS)-TEKS. They are now located in the Texas Administrative Code (TAC) chapter 74 Subchapter A of the required curriculum section 4.
- http://www.tea.state.tx.us/rules/tac/chapter07 4/ch074a.html\#74.4


## Authorization

- Rider 74, Article III, 79th Legislature and Texas Education Code, Section §39.024(d)(e), authorized expenditures for implementation of intensive programs of instruction for limited English proficient students and for teacher training resources designed to support intensive, individualized, and accelerated instructional programs for limited English proficient students.


## Collaboration with the Texas Education Agency (TEA)

- Institute for Second Language Achievement (ISLA) at Texas A\&M University Corpus Christi
- Mathematics for English Language Learners

The project is a partnership between the Texas
State University System (TSUS) and its component universities

- Project TESORO - Regional ESC 1

Online ESL Certification Prep Course TAMU College Station Department of Bilingual Education

## LEP SSI Sponsored Events

The TEA in collaboration w/ Regional ESC 13 held:

- PASA I - January 9-10, 2007

Promoting Academic Success and Accountability for English Language Learners: A Superintendent's Leadership Symposium

- PASA II - November 5-6, 2007

Promoting Academic Success and Accountability for English Language Learners: District Teachers and Instructional Personnel Program Appropriations

- The 78th Texas Legislature 2004-05 Biennium - $\$ 10$ million each year
- The 79th Texas Legislature 2006-07 Biennium - \$10 million each year
- The 80th Texas Legislature

2008-09 Biennium - $\$ 9.7$ million each year

## 2005-2008 Grade 3 TAKS Reading Primary SSI Administration, Percent Passing

|  | 2005 | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Students | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ |
| All - Eng and Spn | - | - | - | - | - | 339,124 | 87 |
| All - Eng | 89 | 284,987 | 89 | 292,160 | 89 | 308,551 | 88 |
| Monitored 1 - Eng | 96 | 5,621 | 97 | 5,917 | 97 | 4,234 | 98 |
| Monitored 2 - Eng | 95 | 1,782 | 95 | 1,737 | 93 | 1,836 | 94 |
| Current LEP - Eng | 78 | 46,190 | 81 | 48,474 | 80 | 53,894 | 80 |
| All - Spn | 74 | 28,781 | 76 | 28,975 | 81 | 30,573 | 82 |

## 2005-2008 Grade 5 TAKS Reading Primary SSI Administration, Percent Passing

|  | 2005 | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Students | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ |
| All - Eng and Spn | - | - | - | - | - | 325,875 | 82 |
| All - Eng | 75 | 291,992 | 80 | 294,885 | 82 | 317,966 | 83 |
| Monitored 1 - Eng | 70 | 9,334 | 85 | 11,343 | 86 | 11,550 | 88 |
| Monitored 2 - Eng | 70 | 17,955 | 79 | 17,888 | 82 | 20,318 | 86 |
| Current LEP - Eng | 37 | 28,849 | 48 | 29,459 | 52 | 35,463 | 56 |
| All - Spn | 60 | 7,885 | 65 | 7,867 | 78 | 7,909 | 70 |

No. = Numbers tested
2008 results are preliminary

## 2005-2008 Grade 8 TAKS Reading Primary SSI Administration, Percent Passing

|  | 2005 | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Students | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ |
| All - Eng | 83 | 297,866 | 83 | 301,262 | 89 | 310,853 | 92 |
| Monitored 1 - Eng | 70 | 3,417 | 75 | 3,388 | 87 | 3,491 | 92 |
| Monitored 2 - Eng | 73 | 7,687 | 78 | 7,666 | 88 | 7,547 | 93 |
| Current LEP - Eng | 30 | 16,389 | 32 | 18,074 | 49 | 17,976 | 58 |

# State AYP Results Spring 2006 to 2007 Reading and English Language Arts 

## All <br> Students <br> Current and Monitored LEP

## Spring 07

No Met Standard
\% Met Standard
$1,920,69$
$87 \%$

## Spring 06

No. Met Standard
1,818,775 85\% \% Met Standard

Change 06 to 07
2
4

## State AYP Results Spring 2006 to 2007 Mathematics

## All Students Monitored LEP

## Spring 07

No. Met Standard 1,733,683 280,957 \% Met Standard 79\% 71\%

Spring 06
No. Met Standard

1,629,228
76\% 3 5

# 2007 Grades 3-12 TELPAS Results: \% Students at Each Proficiency Level 

|  | Listening |  |  |  | Speaking |  |  |  | Reading |  |  |  | Writing |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | B | I | A | H | B | I | A | H | B | I | A | H | B | I | A | H |
| $06-07$ | 8 | 24 | 37 | 30 | 12 | 27 | 36 | 25 | 9 | 13 | 36 | 42 | 15 | 36 | 33 | 17 |
| $05-06$ | 10 | 27 | 37 | 25 | 15 | 30 | 35 | 21 | 11 | 15 | 38 | 36 | 18 | 39 | 30 | 13 |
| $04-05$ | 15 | 34 | 36 | 15 | 20 | 36 | 32 | 12 | 12 | 15 | 39 | 34 | 29 | 43 | 22 | 6 |

$B=$ Beginning
I = Intermediate
A = Advanced
H = Advanced High
K-2 results are available at
http:/ / www.tea.state.tx.us/ student.assessment/ reporting/

# Austin ISD Valedictorians and Salutatorians 2001-2008 that started as LEP Students 

| YEAR | EX LEP <br> VALEDICTORIANS | EX LEP <br> SALUTATORIANS | TOTAL \# OF EX <br> LEP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2001 |  | 3 | 3 |
| 2002 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| 2003 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| 2004 | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| 2005 | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| 2006 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 2007 | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| 2008 | 6 | 2 | 8 |

## Dallas ISD Valedictorians and Salutatorians 2001-2008 that started as LEP Students

| YEAR | EX LEP <br> VALEDICTORIANS | EX LEP <br> SALUTATORIANs | TOTAL \# OF <br> EX LEP |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2001 |  | 3 | 3 |
| 2002 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| 2003 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| 2004 | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| 2005 | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| 2006 | 9 | 9 | 18 |
| 2007 | 12 | 7 | 19 |
| 2008 | 12 | 8 | 20 |

## Houston ISD 2001-2008 Valedictorians that started as LEP Students



| YEAR | EX LEP | EX LEP | EX LEP | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | VALEDICTORIANS | VALEDICTORIANS | IMMIGRANTS | NUMBER |
|  | STARTED IN |  |  |  |
|  | BILINGUAL | STARTED IN ESL |  |  |
| PROGRAMS |  |  | OF EX |  |
|  | PROGRAMS |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 10 | 3 | 6 | 19 |
| 2002 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 10 |
| 2003 | 7 | 6 | 9 | 13 |
| 2004 | 9 | 4 | 4 | 13 |
| 2005 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 11 |
| 2006 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 9 |
| 2007 | 9 | 6 | 8 | 15 |
| 2008 | 10 | 3 | 10 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

# Houston ISD 2001-2008 Salutatorians that started as LEP Students 



YEAR
EX LEP
SALUTATORIANS STARTED IN BILINGUAL PROGRAMS

EX LEP
SALUTATORIANS STARTED IN ESL PROGRAMS

TOTAL NUMBER OF EX LEP

| 2004 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2005 | 11 | 2 | 7 | 13 |
| 2006 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 9 |
| 2007 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 16 |
| 2008 | 12 | 3 | 5 | 15 |

## Laredo ISD Valedictorians and Salutatorians 2007-2008 that started as LEP Students

YEAR
EX LEP
EX LEP
TOTAL\# OFEX
VALEDICTORIANS SALUTATORIANS LEP
2007
2008

## 1

2
2
3

